



AIRC START-UP Meeting 2015

9:30 – 10:00 Welcome and opening address

10:00-10:20 Translational application of DNMT-interacting RNAs in leukemia development Annalisa Di Ruscio, Università degli Studi del Piemonte Orientale, Novara

10:20-10:40 Deciphering the impact of non-coding RNA in cancer Riccardo Taulli, Università degli Studi di Torino

10:40-11:00 Bioluminescent pancreas cancer mouse models from genetically characterized primary cells: a platform for drug discovery Elisa Giovannetti, Azienda Ospedaliero Universitaria Pisana

11:00-11:20 Mechanisms of Leukemia Immune Evasion Upon Hematopoietic Stem Cell Transplantation Luca Vago, Università Vita-Salute San Raffaele, Milano

11:20-11:40 Coffee break

11:40-12:10 Integrità nella ricerca e altre policies AIRC Lisa Vozza, Chief Scientific Officer, AIRC Peer Review Office

12:10-12:30 A new role of the E3 ligase UBR5 in DNA replication and damage tolerance Simone Sabbioneda, Istituto di Genetica Molecolare CNR, Pavia

12:30-12:50

The use of Raman spectroscopy in Leukemia diagnostics Anna Chiara De Luca, Istituto di Biochimica delle Proteine CNR, Napoli

12:50-13:10 microRNAs in most aggressive breast cancers: HER2 and TNBC Marilena Iorio, Istituto Nazionale Tumori, Milano

13:10-13:30 How to consolidate your new laboratory Diego Pasini, Istituto Europeo di Oncologia, Milano

13:30-14:30 Lunch

Università degli Studi di Verona Strada Le Grazie, 15 Sala Verde

14:30-14:50 SDF1/CXCR4 axis is a novel target to block muscle wasting during cancer cachexia Rosanna Piccirillo, Istituto di Ricerche Farmacologiche "Mario Negri", Milano

14:50-15:10 Tak-ing aim at treatment resistance in gastrointestinal tumors Davide Melisi, Università degli Studi di Verona

15:10-15:30 ncRNAs and telomere regulation in human cancer Stefan Schoeftner, Università degli Studi di Trieste

15:30-15:50 Role of microRNAs in chronic lymphocytic leukemia Rosa Visone, Università degli Studi di Chieti

15:50-16:00 Closing remarks



Bioluminescent pancreatic cancer mouse models from genetically characterized primary cells: a platform for drug discovery

Elisa Giovannetti, MD, PhD

Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Pisana







АННА КАРЕНИНА					
POMAHS					
ГРАФА					
л. н. толстаго					
ВЪ ВОСЬМИ ЧАСТЯХЪ					
томъ первый					
-ser-					
NOCKBA. Weinster F. arch. 1 occurd h. rath summerset. 1578.					

"All happy families are alike; each unhappy family is unhappy in it's own way"

Anna Karenina – L. Tolstoj

PANCREATIC CANCER SURVIVAL IN 40 YEARS RATES HAVE NOT IMPROVED

Out of 100 patients diagnosed

3 will survive beyond five years



Why PDAC is so lethal?



SMA: Superior mesenteric artery SMV: Superior mesenteric vein Duo: Duodenal sweep

No established guidelines for prevention

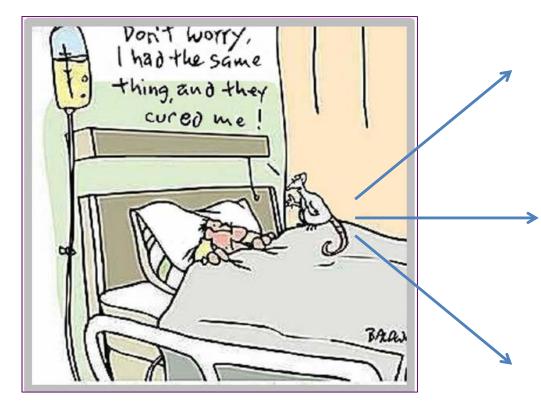
>No screening for early diagnosis

- Symptoms delay
- Early metastatic spread
- >Local/metastatic recurrence
- Multifactorial resistance to treatments
- Lack of biomarkers to select "targeted" treaments



Currently no proper preclinical PDAC models exist





Xenografts of established cell lines (loss of genetic/biological properties)

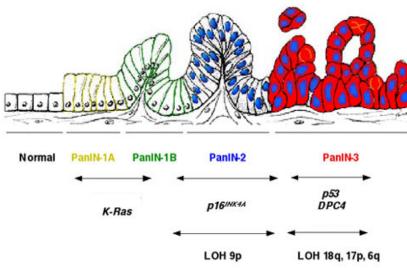


<u>Genetically</u> engineered mouse models (*Tuveson et al., Cancer Cell 2010*)

GEMM

<u>Subcutaneous</u> engrafted primary xenografts (*Hidalgo et al., JCO* 2012)

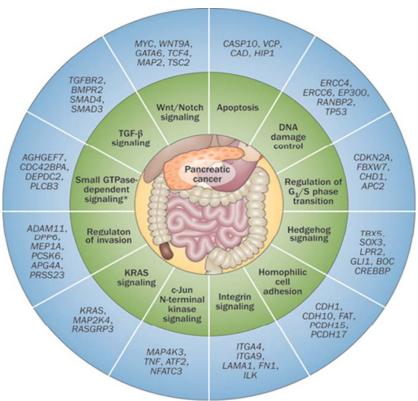
PDAC genomics - heterogeneity



Hallmark genetic changes contributing to pancreatic carcinogenesis (*Hruban et al, Clin Cancer Res 2000*)

Multiple genetic alterations that function through **core signaling pathways**

(Jones et al, Science 2009, Biankin et al, Nature 2012)



Methods to measure orthotopic tumors



Orthotopic

- *vs.* -Histopathological analysis -MRI
 - -high-resolution ultrasound





Bioluminescence

In luminescent reactions, light is produced by the oxidation of a substrate:

- i.e., the reaction catalyzed by *Firefly luciferase* (FLuc)
1. Luciferin + ATP → luciferyl adenylate + Ppi
2. Luciferyl adenylate + O2 → oxyluciferin + AMP + light

- the substrate for <u>Gaussia luciferase</u> is coelenterazine Of note, GLuc is secreted by the cells and can be monitored in blood samples (Wurdinger et al., Nat Methods 2008)



Bioluminescent pancreas cancer mouse models from genetically characterized primary cells: a platform for drug discovery

AIM

To create and use our models

> with our unique **primary cells**

-characterized for their genetic signature compared to the originator tumors -selected for cancer-stem-cell (CSC) / invasive markers

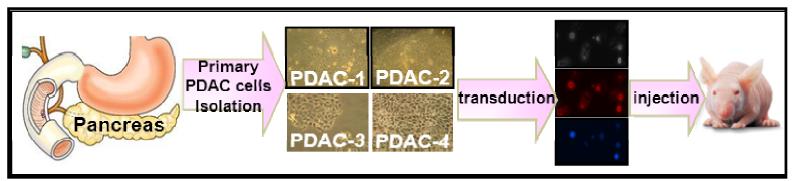
>Transduced with **bioluminescent** luciferase reporters

>Injected orthotopically in the pancreas of nude mice

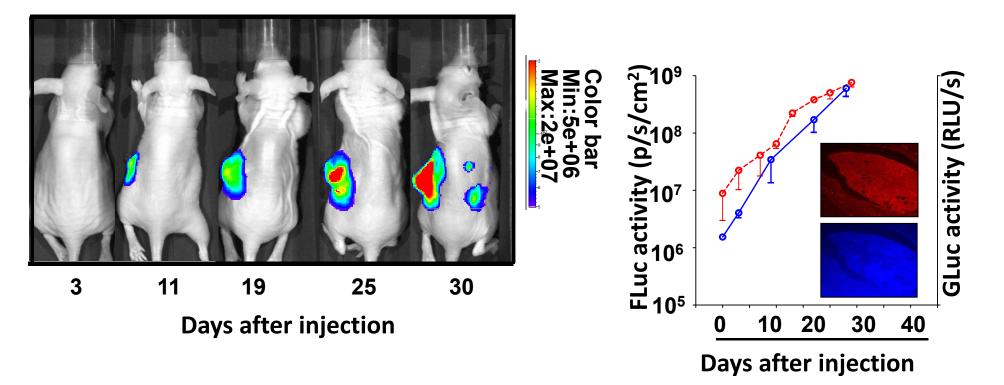
To test new molecular targeted agents



Results: Our models

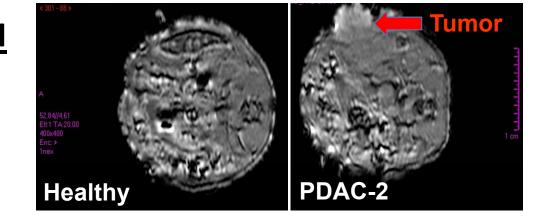


Avan et al, Cancer Res 2013 - Giovannetti et al, JNCI 2014 Maftouh et al, Oncotarget 2014 - Giovannetti et al, Autophagy 2014

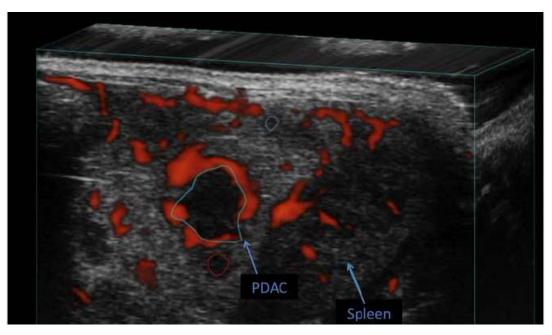




<u>MRI</u>

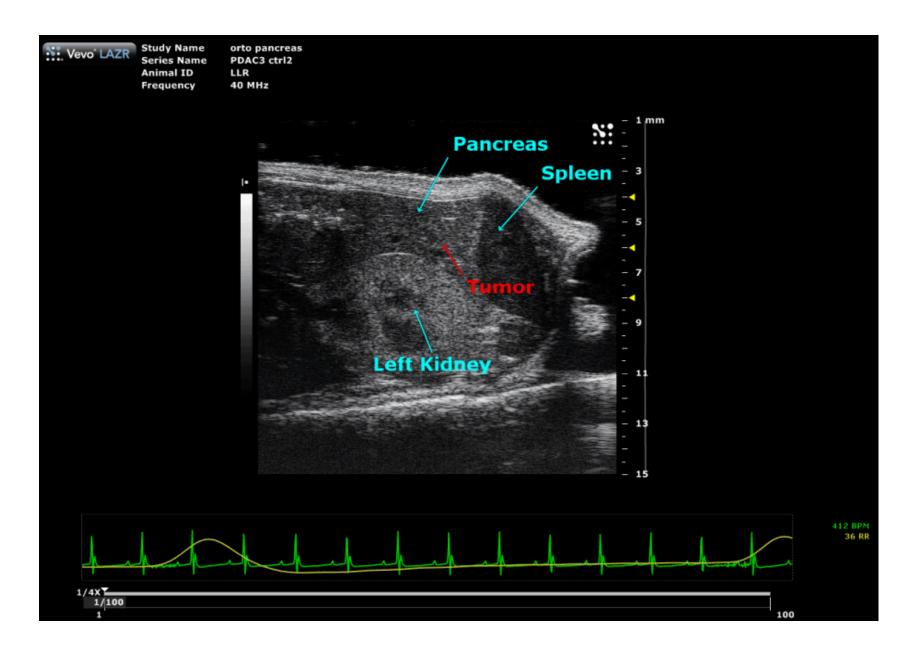


Doppler



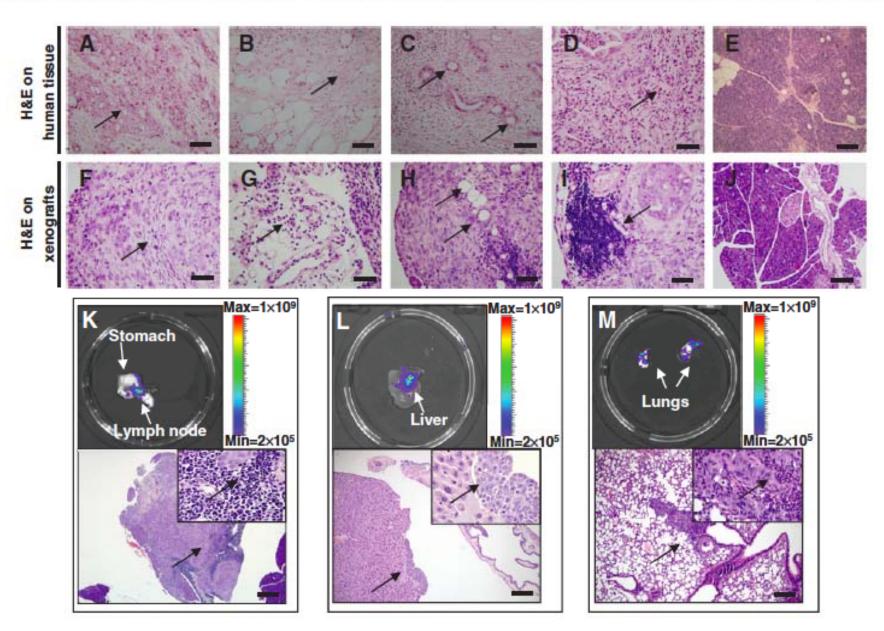


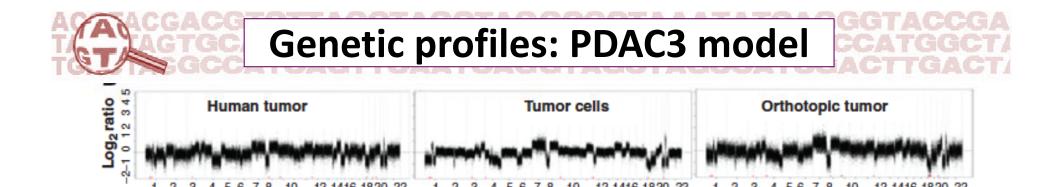
High-frequency ultrasound





Histological features and metastases





 1820 22

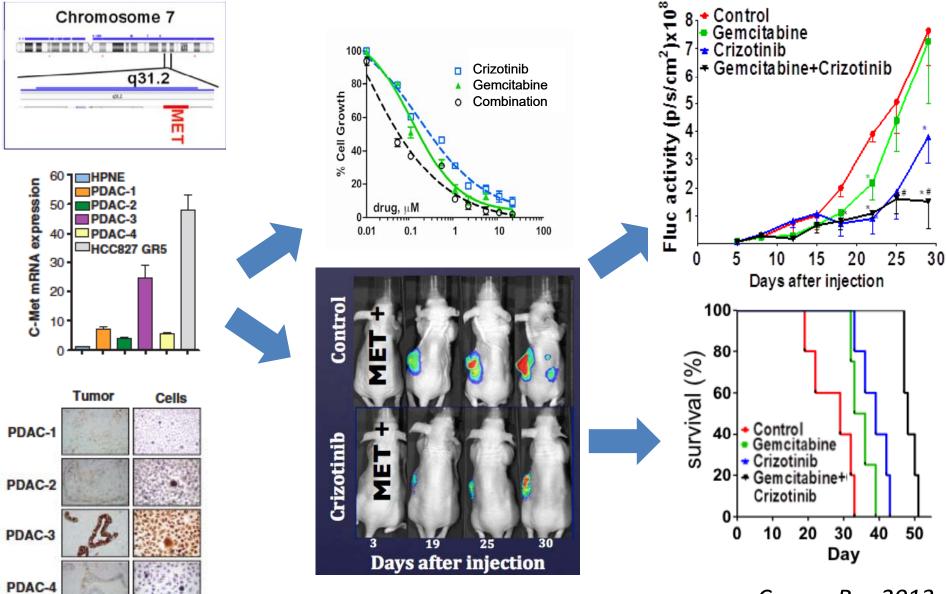
 12 1416

1820 22

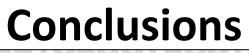
Chro1	Chro2	Chro3	Chro4	Chro5
Chro6	Chro7	Chro8	Chro9	Chro10
Chro11	Chro12	Chro13	Chro14	Chro15
Chro16	Chro17	Chro18	Chro19	
Chro21	Chro22			



A proof-of-concept study on our models as an effective platform for drug testing

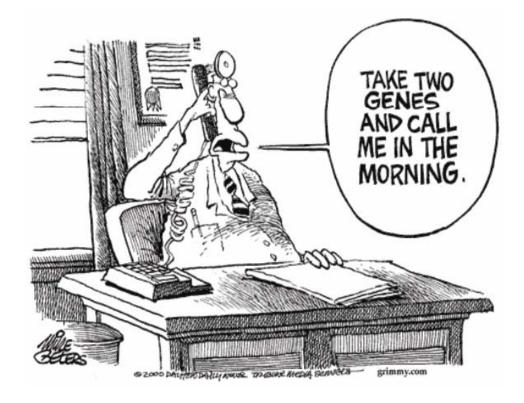


Cancer Res 2013



>Our readily imaged orthotopic PDAC models displayed genetic, histopathologic, and metastatic features similar to human tumors

➢ Their use pointed to c-Met as a e therapeutic target and highlighted crizotinib and gemcitabine as a synergistic combination of drugs warranting clinical evaluation



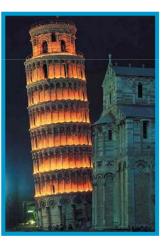
"co-clinical trials" performed in mouse models in parallel with patients enrolled in phase I/II trials should improve the outcome of personalized treatments and helps to identify molecular determinants mediating resistance

➢ This approach should enable oncologists to tailor novel, optimized combinatorial therapies based on patient stratification









... and back







L'INIZIATIVA In tanti ad "Azalea della ricerca"

Domenica, in occasione dell'iniziativa "Azalea della Ricerca", i volontari dell'associazione "I Cavalieri" sono scesi in piazza per distribuire le azalee a sostegno dell'Associazione Italiana per la Ricerca sul Cancro (Airc). L'iniziativa ha riscosso un



grande successo: tutte le azalee sono state vendute, ed è stata raccolta una cifra di quasi 10 mila euro, che sarà interamente devoluta a sostegno dei progetti di ricerca sui tumori femminili. Accanto ai volontari erano presenti anche i ricercatori pisani che hanno ottenuto i prestigiosi grant dell'Airc per svolgere le loro attivita (nella foto). Per il secondo anno partecipavano la dottoressa Elisa Giovannetti ed il dottor Funel (del Cancerpharmacology lab, unica Start-Up dell'Airc in tutta la regione Toscana), insieme alle ricerca-

trici e specializzande del laboratorio della professoressa Elisei (dell' U.O. di Endocrinologia del Dipartimento di Medicina Clinica e Sperimentale). Quest'anno, inoltre, l'Airc celebra i 50 anni dalla sua fondazione.

Airc di Pisa Grande partecipazione all'iniziativa per sostenere la ricerca sul cancro con i volontari dell'associazione "I Cavalieri"

GCGCTAAATATCAGGGTACCGA CGCGATTTATAGTCCCATGGCT/ GTAGCTAGCCATCGACTTGACT/





Collaborations on PDAC studies





Dept. Oncology – Surgery – Pathology Prof. Peters, Prof. Verheul, Prof. Kazemier



LEXOR – Surgery Dr. Bijlma, Prof. Medema Dr. Besselink



Karolinska

nstitute

Dept. Surgery Dr. Frampton Prof. Liao

Prof. Del Chiaro

Prof. Lohr

Dept. Gastroenterology



Pisa University Prof. Boggi Prof. Falcone, Prof. Minutolo



Dept. Oncology Dr. Reni



Georgetown University Dr. Wang, Prof. Giaccone



Stanford University Dr. Caretti, Prof. Wurdinger







www.cancerpharmacology.org

Other info

